

Question 1
10 Points

- How many **significant figures** are there in each of the following numbers?
 - 0.0703** **3**
 - 241.9** **4**
- When **18.44** is added to **36.1**, the result should be reported with **1** digit(s) after the decimal point.
- When **18.44** is multiplied by **36.1**, the answer should be reported to **3** significant digit(s).
- There are **12** eggs in a dozen. If a farmer's chickens produce an average of **524** dozen eggs in a month, how should the average number of eggs per month be reported? **6.29×10^3**

Question 2
3 Points

MAIN QUESTION	Question	
	Carry out the following calculation and report the answer in the correct number of significant figures.	
	$(168) \left[\frac{23.56 - 2.3}{1.248 \times 10^3} \right] =$	Answer
		2.86

Question 3
8 Points

Give the correct name for the following polyatomic ion.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| a. ClO_2^- Chlorite | b. SO_4^{2-} Sulfate |
| c. SO_3^{2-} Sulfite | d. NO_3^- Nitrate |

Question 4
3 Points

QUESTION 2 OF 5	ANSWER
A nucleus has 19 protons and 20 neutrons. Fill in the three blanks to complete the atomic symbol.	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px; margin-right: 5px;">39</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px; margin-right: 5px;">19</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px; margin-right: 5px;">K</div> </div>

Question 5
4 Points

Gallium has two naturally occurring isomers:

	Exact Mass (amu)	Abundance
^{69}Ga	69.925581	60.10
^{71}Ga	70.924701	39.90

What is the **average atomic mass** of Gallium? Give answer to **6 decimal places**.

$$69.925581(0.6010) + 70.924701(0.3990) = 70.324230 \text{ amu}$$

Average atomic mass: **70.324230 amu**

Question 6 The following questions pertain to the periodic table given at the front of this exam:

10 Points

- a. Element 22 belongs to which **group**? **IVB**
- b. Element 22 belongs to which **period**? **4**
- c. Element 22 is one of the **Transition** metals.
- d. The **symbol** for the **lightest Alkali Earth Metal** is? **Be**
- e. The **name** of the **diatomic element** in **period 3**. **Chlorine**

Question 7

8 Points

- a. What is the **formula** for **magnesium sulfide**? **MgS**
- b. **Name** of the compound with the formula **CaCO₃**? **Calcium carbonate**
- c. What is the **formula** for **ammonium iodide**? **NH₄I**
- d. **Name** of the compound with the formula **Cu₃PO₄**? **Copper(I) phosphate**

Question 8

4 Points

QUESTION	ANSWER
A sample of cinnamaldehyde, C ₉ H ₈ O, contains 0.168 mol of the compound. What is the mass of this sample, in grams?	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">22.2 g</div>

Question 9

6 Points

How many **moles** of **nitrate ions** are present in a sample that contains **2.88** moles of magnesium nitrate, **Mg(NO₃)₂**?
[Must Show Work]

$$\frac{2.88 \text{ mol Mg(NO}_3)_2}{1 \text{ Mg(NO}_3)_2} \times \frac{2 \text{ NO}_3^-}{1 \text{ Mg(NO}_3)_2} = 5.76 \text{ mol NO}_3^-$$

Moles of NO₃⁻

5.76

Question 10

8 Points

How many **grams** of **Co²⁺** are present in **1.59** moles of **Co₃(PO₄)₂**?
[Must Show Work]

$$\frac{1.59 \text{ mol Co}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2}{1 \text{ Co}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2} \times \frac{3 \text{ Co}^{2+}}{1 \text{ Co}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2} = 4.77 \text{ mol Co}^{2+}$$

$$\frac{4.77 \text{ mol Co}^{2+}}{1 \text{ mol}} \times \frac{58.39 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 281 \text{ g Co}^{2+}$$

Grams of Co²⁺

281g

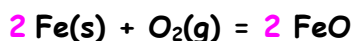
Question 11
6 Points

1. Balance the following molecular equations using the **smallest possible integer coefficients**.



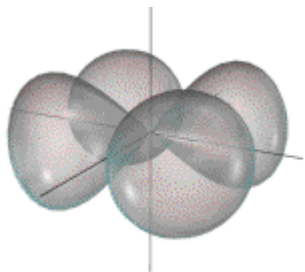
2. Write a balanced equation for the reaction described, using the **smallest possible integer coefficients**.

When iron reacts with **oxygen**, **iron(II) oxide** is formed.



Question 12
8 Points

1. How **many** orbitals are there in the shell with $n = 4$ in an atom? **16**
2. The maximum number of electrons possible in a set of **4s orbitals** is? **2**
3. The orbital depicted directly below is what **type of orbital**? **d**



4. The **2s** orbital is **smaller/lower in energy/closer to the nucleus** than the **3s** orbital.

Question 13
14 Points

1. Write the **electron configuration** for the **chlorine** atom: **$1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^5$** .
2. Write the **electron configuration** for the **calcium** atom: **$1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2$** .
3. Write the **Noble Gas configuration** for **iron**: **$[\text{Ar}]4s^2 3d^6$** .



4. The Lewis diagram represents the **valence electron configuration** of a main-group element. This element is in **group**: **VIA**
5. The element with an electron configuration of **$1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2 3d^3$** is in **group VB** and **period 4**.
6. **Carbon** has **4 valence electrons**.

Question 14
4 Points

- Rank the following elements, from 1-4 with 1 being the **smallest**, according to **atomic size**.

2 C **1** O **3** Be **4** Ca

Question 15 Rank the following elements, from 1-4 with 1 being the **smallest**, according to **ionization energy**.
4 Points

3 C 4 O 2 Be 1 Ca

Exam I Score