

SID Last KeyFirst Answer

<p>Question 1 6 Points</p>	<p>Report the follow operations to the correct number of significant figures?</p> <p>a) $36.456 + 74.2$ <u>110.7</u></p> <p>b) $18.4 \times (1.000 \times 10^{-3})$ <u>1.84×10^{-2}</u></p> <p>c) $2.01(23.56 - 2.3)$ <u>42.7</u></p>						
<p>Question 2 4 Points</p>	<p>A piece of copper has a volume of 740L. What is the mass of the same in units of grams.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="277 667 1521 751"> <tbody> <tr> <td>$1 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ Cu} = 8.8 \text{ g Cu}$</td> <td>$1 \text{ kg} = 1000 \text{ g}$</td> <td>$1 \text{ L} = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$9.5 \times 10^{21} \text{ atoms Cu} = 1 \text{ g Cu}$</td> <td></td> <td>$1 \text{ cm}^3 = 1 \text{ mL}$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>No need to do the calculation - just set up the correct dimensional analysis conversions - you may not need to fill in all the boxes.</p> $740 \text{ L} \times \frac{1000 \text{ cm}^3}{1 \text{ L}} \times \frac{8.8 \text{ g Cu}}{1 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ Cu}} \times \frac{\quad}{\quad}$	$1 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ Cu} = 8.8 \text{ g Cu}$	$1 \text{ kg} = 1000 \text{ g}$	$1 \text{ L} = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$	$9.5 \times 10^{21} \text{ atoms Cu} = 1 \text{ g Cu}$		$1 \text{ cm}^3 = 1 \text{ mL}$
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<p>Question 3 10 Points</p>	<p>Give the correct formula for the following polyatomic ions:</p> <p>a) Phosphide <u>P^{3-}</u></p> <p>b) Phosphate <u>PO_4^{3-}</u></p> <p>c) Sulfite <u>SO_3^{2-}</u></p> <p>d) Chromate <u>CrO_4^{2-}</u></p> <p>e) Cyanide <u>CN^-</u></p>						
<p>Question 4 4 Points</p>	<p>Which of the following apply to the electron?</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> mass $\sim 9.109 \times 10^{-28} \text{ g}$ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> charge = -1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> charge = 0 <input type="checkbox"/> charge = +1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> mass $\sim 1.673 \times 10^{-24} \text{ g}$</p>						
<p>Question 5 8 Points</p>	<p>a) How many protons and neutrons are there in the nucleus of an atom that has an atomic number of 83 and a mass number of 214?</p> <p>Protons: <u>83</u></p> <p>Neutrons: <u>131</u></p> <p>b) What is the symbol for the element? Symbol: <u>Bi</u></p> <p>c) The atom bears a charge of +3, then number of electrons is: <u>80</u></p>						

Question 6

8 Points

The following questions pertain to the periodic table given at the front of this exam:

- a. The atomic weight of the element in group 6A and period 3? 32.07
- b. What is the name of the halogen that is in period 3? Chlorine
- c. The symbol for the lightest alkali metal is? Li
- d. Circle any of the following that are main group elements? (Z = atomic number)

Sc (Z=21)

Te (Z=52)

V (Z=23)

Cs (Z=55)**Question 7**

10 Points

- a. Name the compound with the formula $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_2)_2$? Calcium nitrite
- b. Name the compound with the formula $\text{Cu}(\text{ClO}_4)_2$? Copper(II) perchlorate
- c. What is the formula for sodium phosphide? Na_3P
- d. What is the formula for iron(III) sulfate? $\text{Fe}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3$
- e. What is the formula for ammonium hydroxide? NH_4OH

Question 8

4 Points

A certain element consists of two stable isotopes:

	Exact Mass (amu)	Abundance (%)
#1	106.9051	51.82
#2	108.9047	48.18

What is the atomic weight of this element?

Give answer to 4 decimal places.Show Work

$$0.5182(106.9051) + 0.4818(108.9047) =$$

107.8685 amu**Question 9**

4 Points

How many moles of boron trifluoride, BF_3 , are present in a sample that contains 7.95 moles of fluorine atoms?Show Work

$$\frac{7.95 \text{ mol F}}{3 \text{ F}} \Big| \frac{1 \text{ BF}_3}{3 \text{ F}} =$$

2.65 moles

Question 10

6 Points

How many moles of copper(II) hydroxide are present in 4.44 grams of this compound?

[Show Work](#)

$$\text{Cu(OH)}_2 : 63.55 + 2(16.00 + 1.01) = 97.57 \text{ g} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$$

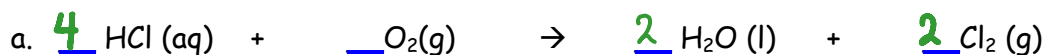
$$4.44 \text{ g Cu(OH)}_2 \left| \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{97.57 \text{ g}} \right. =$$

0.0455 moles

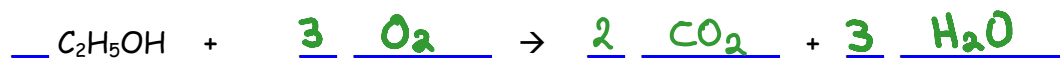
Question 11

6 Points

Balance the following chemical equations using the smallest possible integer coefficients.



b. Write a balanced equation for the complete oxidation reaction that occurs when ethanol (C₂H₅OH) burns in air.

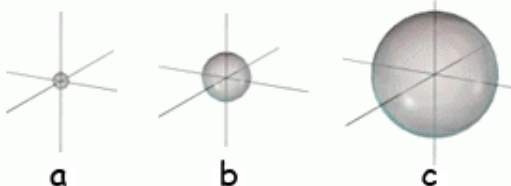


c. Write a balanced equation for the reaction of nitrogen gas with hydrogen gas to produce ammonia (NH₃)



Question 12

6 Points



a) The orbitals depicted above are what type? S

b) Which orbital would have the highest ionization energy? a

c) Which orbital would possess the smallest force of attraction? c

Question 13

4 Points

a) How many 4d orbitals are there in an atom? 5

b) What is the maximum number of electrons in a set of 3p orbitals? 6

Question 14

12 Points

a) Write the electron configuration for the magnesium atom. 1s² 2s² 2p⁶ 3s²

b) Write the noble gas configuration for iron, (Fe)? [Ar] 4s² 3d⁶

c) The element with an electron configuration of 1s²2s²2p⁶3s²3p⁶4s¹3d¹⁰ Cu

d) Xe, [Kr]5s²4d¹⁰5p⁶, has how many valence electrons? 8

e) The element in period 4 that has the Lewis diagram, Ge

f) X is a Main Group element in period 3 with 4 valence electrons. X is: Si

Question 15

4 Points

Using only the periodic table **arrange** the following elements in order of **increasing atomic radius**: Na, N, K, P

N

Smallest

P

Na

K

Largest

Question 16

4 Points

Using only the periodic table **arrange** the following elements in order of **decreasing ionization energy**: As, Cl, Ge, P

Cl

Highest

P

As

Ge

Lowest

Exam I Score