| Question 1 <br> (4 points) | $\mathcal{A}$ quarter is found to have a mass of 5.34 grams. <br> Ulsing unit analysis, show what the mass of the quarter is in milligrams. $\begin{array}{c\|c} 5.34 \mathrm{~g} & 1000 \mathrm{mg} \\ \hline & 1 \mathrm{~g} \end{array}=5,340 \mathrm{mg}$ |
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| Question 2 <br> (12 Points) | $\mathcal{H o w}$ many protons, neutrons and electrons are there in an atom of the isotopes represented by: <br> 1. ${ }^{107}{ }_{47} \mathcal{A g} \quad$ Protons: 47 <br> $\mathcal{N e}$ utrons: 60 <br> Electrons: 47 <br> 2. ${ }^{16} \mathrm{O}^{2} \quad$ Protons: 8 <br> $\mathcal{N e}$ utrons: 8 <br> Electrons: 10 |
| Question 3 <br> (12 Points) | 1. An ion from a given element has 13 protons and 10 electrons. <br> What is the charge on the ion? $+3$ <br> What is the name of the element? <br> What is the symbolfor the ion? <br> 2. For the element potassium: <br> What is the charge on the ion expected to form? +1 What is the symbolfor the ion? <br> $\mathcal{H}$ ow many electrons are present in the ion? |
| Question 4 <br> (12 Points) | 1. What is the name for $\mathrm{SO}_{4}{ }^{2 \cdot}$ ? <br> The Sulfate ion <br> What is the formula for the phosphate ion? $\mathrm{PO}_{4}{ }^{3 .}$ <br> What is the formula for the chlorate ion? $\mathrm{ClO}_{3}{ }^{-}$ <br> 2. What is the formula for the ammonium ion? $\mathcal{N} \mathcal{H}_{4}{ }^{+}$ <br> What is the name for $O \mathcal{H}$ ? <br> The Hydroxide ion <br> What is the formula for the hydrogen sulfate ion? $\mathcal{H S} O_{4}$ |


| Question 5 <br> (12 Points) | 1. The compound $\mathrm{CaBr}_{2}$ is an ionic compound. What are the ions of which it is composed? $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$ <br> 2. What is the formula of the compound formed between the ions $\mathcal{F}$ and $\mathcal{F e}^{2+}$ ? $\mathcal{F e}_{2} \mathcal{F}_{2}$ <br> 3. What is the name of the compound with the formula $\mathrm{Ca}\left(\mathrm{CN}_{2}\right)_{2}$ ? <br> Calcium cyanide <br> 4. What is the name of the compound with the formula $\mathfrak{N}\left(\operatorname{HHCO}_{3}\right.$ ? <br> Sodium fydrogen carbonate <br> 5. What is the name of the compound with the formula KO $\mathcal{H}$ ? <br> Potassium fydroxide <br> 6. What is the formula for Garium nitrate? $\mathcal{B a}\left(\mathcal{N}\left(\mathrm{O}_{3}\right)_{2}\right.$ <br> 7. What is the formula for potassium carbonate ? $\mathcal{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ <br> 8. What is the formulafor calcium phosphate? <br> $C a_{3}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}$ <br> 9. What is the formula for xenon trioxide? <br> $\mathrm{XeO}_{3}$ <br> 10. What is the formula for nitrogen dioxide? $\mathfrak{N} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ <br> 11. What is the formula for sulfur tetrafluoride? <br> $S \mathcal{F}_{4}$ |
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| Question 6 (9 Points) | 1. How many GRAMS of sulfur are present in 4.34 moles of $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ ? <br> 2. How many $\mathcal{M O L E S}$ of oxygen are present in 3.06 grams of $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ ? |


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| Question 7 <br> (14 Points) | 1. Howmany $\mathcal{G R A M S}$ of phosphorus are present in 1.86 grams of $\mathcal{P C l}_{5}$ ? <br> 2. How many $\mathcal{G R A M S}$ of $\mathcal{P C l}_{5}$ can be produced from 2.29 grams of chlorine? |
| Question 8 <br> (6 Points) | The percent 6 y weight of carbon in $\mathcal{C}_{3} \mathcal{H}_{6} O_{3}$ <br> Molar Mass $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathcal{H}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{3}=3(12.01)+6(1.01)+3(16.00)=90.09 \mathrm{~g}$ <br> Carbon Content $=3(12.01)=36.03 \mathrm{~g}$ <br> \% by weight $=(36.03 / 90.09) \times 100=39.99 \%$ |


| Question 9 <br> (10 Points) | 1. A compound is found to contain $30.45 \%$ nitrogen and $69.55 \%$ oxygen by we ight. Determine the empiricalformula for this compound. <br> Assume 100 g Sample $\quad 30.45 g \mathcal{N} \quad 69.55 g$ O <br> Divide by 2.173 <br> Empirical Formula: $\mathcal{N} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ <br> 2. If the molecular weight for this compound was found to be $46.01 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$. The molecular formula for this compound is. <br> Molar Mass of Empirical Formula: $14.01+2(16.00)=46.01 \mathrm{~g}$ <br> Molecular Formula $=$ Empiric al Formula $=\mathfrak{N} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ |
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| Question 10 <br> (9 Points) | When the following molecular equations are balanced using the smallest possible integer coefficients, the values of these coefficients are: <br> 1. $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}(a q)+2 \mathcal{H C l}(a q) \longrightarrow \operatorname{CaCl}_{2}(a q)+2 \mathcal{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ <br> 2. $2 \mathfrak{N O}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \longrightarrow 2 \mathfrak{N O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ <br> 3. $2 \mathcal{F e}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}(\mathrm{~s})+3 \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{s}) \longrightarrow 4 \mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{s})+3 \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ |



