

# Class Announcements



## 2.4 What Are Atoms Made Of? – The Three Subatomic Particles

Name	Symbol	Mass (g)	Charge	Mass <sup>*1</sup> (amu) <sup>*2</sup>
Proton	${}_1^1 p$	$1.673 \times 10^{-24}$	+1	1
Neutron	${}_0^1 n$	$1.675 \times 10^{-24}$	0	1
Electron	${}_{-1}^0 e$	$9.109 \times 10^{-31}$	-1	0.0005

- a) Chemists tend to ignore the mass of the electron
- b) # protons ... the atom determinator ... #p = ATOMIC NUMBER (Z)
- c) # neutrons ... the other mass contributor ... #n + #p = MASS NUMBER (A)
- d) # electrons ... determines the charge on the atom.



X = symbol

A = mass number

Z = atomic number

\*1: Rounded to 1 significant figure

\*2: 1 amu =  $1.6605 \times 10^{-24}$  g

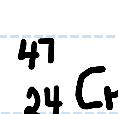
## 2.4 What Are Atoms Made Of? – The Three Subatomic Particles

### 2.4 Example\_1

Which if any of the following species has the same number of Neutrons as it does Electrons?



- a)  $^{47}_{24}\text{Cr}$   
d)  $^{35}\text{Cl}^-$       b)  $^{24}\text{Mg}^{2+}$   
e)  $^{125}_{50}\text{Sn}$       c)  $^{59}_{27}\text{Co}^{2+}$



# Protons

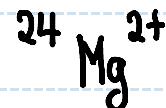
24

# Neutrons

23

# Electrons

24



12

12

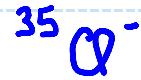
10



27

32

25



17

18

18



50

75

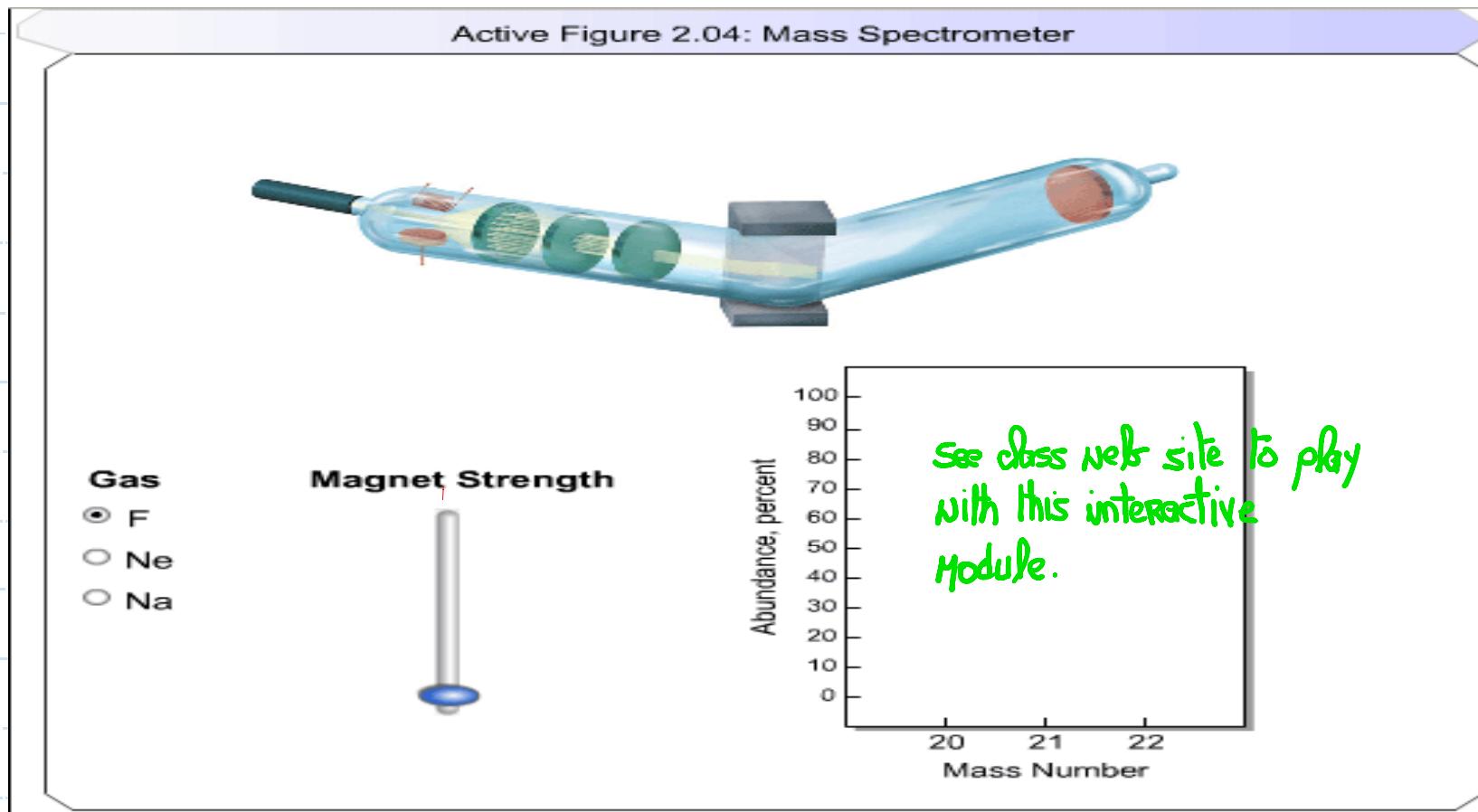
50

## 2.4

### What Are Atoms Made Of? – Isotopes

Isotope : Atoms with the same number of protons but different number of neutrons

	#p	#n	#e
$^{12}\text{C}$	6	6	6
$^{14}\text{C}$	6	8	6



## 2.4 What Are Atoms Made Of? — *Atomic Weight*

### 2.4 Example\_2

Chlorine has two naturally occurring isotopes:

$^{35}\text{Cl}$ , 75.77% Abundant, Exact Mass 34.96885 amu

$^{37}\text{Cl}$ , 24.23% Abundant, Exact Mass 36.96590 amu

What is the Atomic Weight of Chlorine?

Atomic Weight : simply the weighted average of the naturally occurring isotopes

$$0.7577(34.96885) + 0.2433(36.96590) \\ = 35.45271 \text{ amu}$$

## 2.4 What Are Atoms Made Of? — *Atomic Weight*

### 2.4 Example\_3

Neon has 3 naturally occurring isotopes:

$^{20}\text{Ne}$ , 90.92% Abundant, Exact Mass 19.9989 amu

$^{21}\text{Ne}$ , 0.26% Abundant, Exact Mass 20.9975 amu

$^{22}\text{Ne}$ , 8.82% Abundant, Exact Mass 21.9979 amu

What is the Atomic Weight of Neon?



The 4<sup>th</sup> decimal place in the answer is

- a) 5      b) 6      c) 7      d) 8      e) 9

## 2.4 What Are Atoms Made Of? — *Atomic Weight*

### 2.4 Example\_3

Neon has 3 naturally occurring isotopes:

$^{20}\text{Ne}$ , 90.92% Abundant, Exact Mass 19.9989 amu

$^{21}\text{Ne}$ , 0.26% Abundant, Exact Mass 20.9975 amu

$^{22}\text{Ne}$ , 8.82% Abundant, Exact Mass 21.9979 amu

What is the Atomic Weight of Neon?



The 4<sup>th</sup> decimal place in the answer is

- a) 5    b) 6    c) 7    d) 8    e) 9

$$0.9092(19.9989) + 0.0026(20.9975) + 0.0882(21.9979) = \underline{\underline{20.1718}} \text{ amu}$$

## 2.5 What Is the Periodic Table – Metals – Nonmetals – Metalloids

### Periodic Table Structure

Groups ►

Main Group Elements ►

Transition Group Elements ►

Periods ►

Lanthanides and Actinides ►

Metals ►

Nonmetals ►

Metalloids ►

Alkali Metals ►

Alkaline Earth Metals ►

Halogens ►

Noble Gases ►

Metals – Like to lose electrons

Metalloids

Nonmetals – Like to gain electrons

		1A										8A							
		H	2A											He					
		Li	Be											B	C	N	O	F	Ne
Na	Mg	3B	4B	5B	6B	7B	–	8B	–	1B	2B	Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar		
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr		
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe		
Cs	Ba	La	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn		
Fr	Ra	Ac	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	110	111									

Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu				
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr				

Go to class Net site to play with this interactive module.

## 2.5 What Is the Periodic Table

*Groups – Periods – Main Group – Transition Metal – Lanthanide – Actinide*

# Periodic Table Structure

Groups		1A, 2A, 3A, 4A, 5A, 6A, 7A, 8A							
Main Group Elements									
Transition Group Elements									
Periods									
Lanthanides and Actinides									
Metals									
Nonmetals									
Metalloids									
Alkali Metals									
Alkaline Earth Metals									
Halogens									
Noble Gases									

# Periodic Table Structure

**Groups**

**Main Group Elements**

**Transition Group Elements**

**Periods**

**Lanthanides and Actinides**

**Metals**

**Nonmetals**

**Metalloids**

**Alkali Metals**

**Alkaline Earth Metals**

**Halogens**

**Noble Gases**

Metals

Metalloids

Nonmetals

1A	H	Li	Be	Na	Mg	3B	4B	5B	6B	7B	–	8B	–	1B	2B	3A	4A	5A	6A	7A	He
				K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ne
				Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Kr
				Cs	Ba	La	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Xe
				Fr	Ra	Ac	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	110	111							Rn

Lanthanide\*  
Actinide\*\*  
Series

Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr

## 2.5 What Is the Periodic Table – *The Seven Diatomics*

# Periodic Table Structure

Groups ►

Main Group Elements ►

Transition Group Elements ►

Periods ►

Lanthanides and Actinides ►

Metals ►

Nonmetals ►

Metalloids ►

Alkali Metals ►

Alkaline Earth Metals ►

Halogens ►

Noble Gases ►

		1A																8A
H	2A																He	
	Li	Be															B	
Na	Mg	3B	4B	5B	6B	7B	–	8B	–	1B	2B	Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar	
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr	
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe	
Cs	Ba	La	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn	
Fr	Ra	Ac	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	110	111								

Lanthanide\*  
Series  
Actinide\*\*  
Series

Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr



# element 7!