

Announcements – Lecture XVIII – Tuesday, Nov 12th

1. **Lab 5 – Saturday, November 16th, 1:00-4:00 pm – ISB 155/160 A-E**
Lab Owl IV– Deadline – Saturday, November 16th, 11:59 pm

2.



iClicker:

Choose any letter: A-E

8.8 What are pH and pOH?

$$\text{pH} = -\log_{10} [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]$$

$$\text{pOH} = -\log_{10} [\text{OH}^-]$$

@ 25°C

$$[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+][\text{OH}^-] = 1 \times 10^{-14}$$

\log_{10} of both sides:

$$\log_{10} \{[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+][\text{OH}^-]\} = \log_{10} (1 \times 10^{-14})$$

tidy this up:

$$\log_{10} [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] + \log_{10} [\text{OH}^-] = -14$$

multiply both sides by (-1):

$$-\log_{10} [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] - \log_{10} [\text{OH}^-] = 14$$

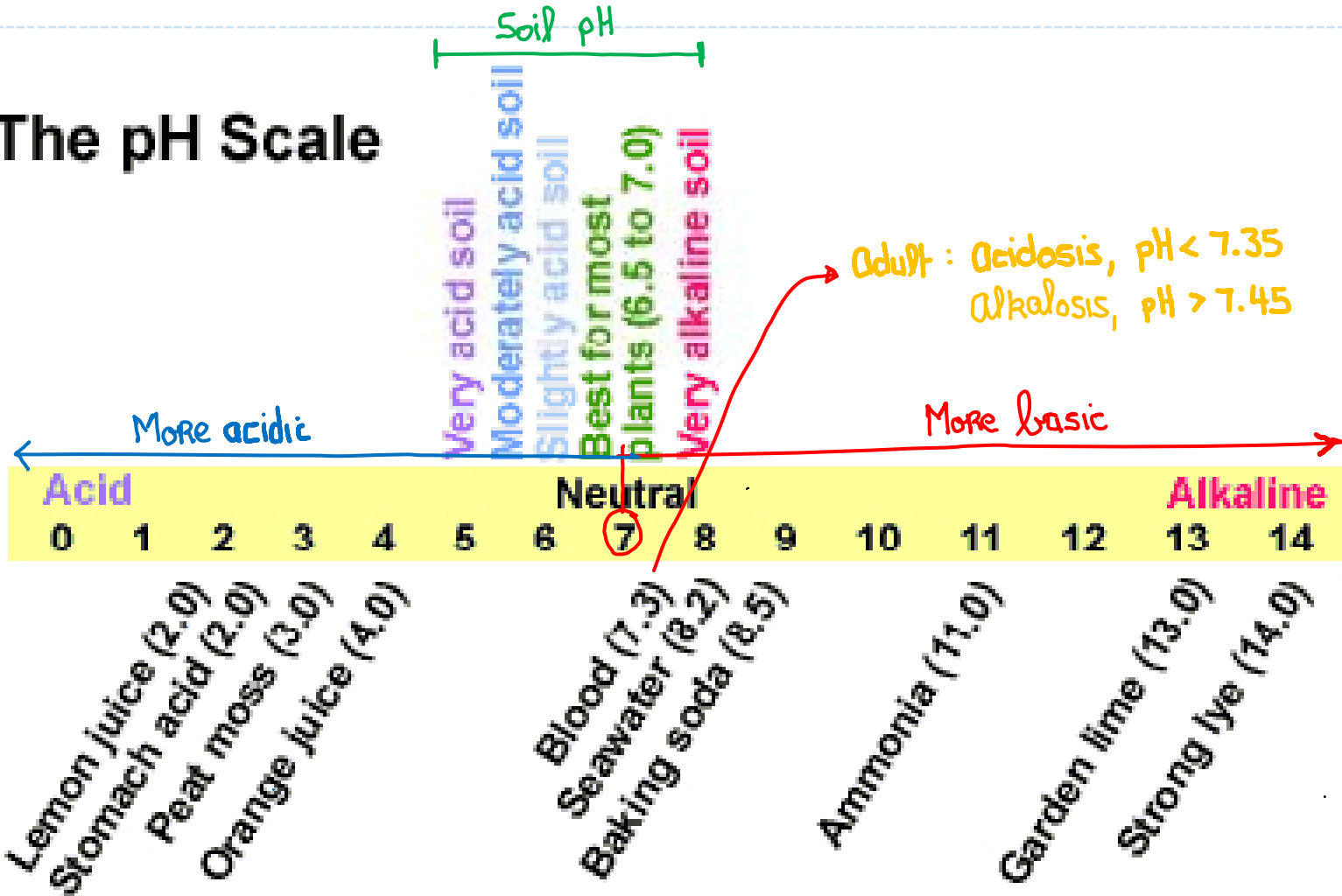
pH

pOH

$$\text{pH} + \text{pOH} = 14 \quad @ \quad 25^\circ\text{C}$$

8.8 What are pH and pOH?
pH – Acidity and Basicity

The pH Scale



9.8 What are pH and pOH?

pH – Acidity and Basicity

Plant Preferences for pH			
Very acid 5.0 - 5.8	Moderately acid 5.5 - 6.8	Slightly acid 6.0 - 6.8	Very alkaline 7.0 - 8.0
azalea	bean	asparagus	acacia
blueberry	begonia	beet	bottlebrush
celeriac	Brussels sprouts	bok choy	cabbage
chickory	calla	broccoli	cauliflower
crabapple	camellia	gooseberry	celery
cranberry	carrot	grape	Chinese cabbage
eggplant	collard greens	kale	cucumber
endive	corn	kohlrabi	date palms
heathers	fuchsia	lettuce	dusty miller
huckleberry	garlic	mustard	eucalyptus
hydrangea	lima bean	muskmelon	geranium
Irish potato	parsley	oats	oleander
lily	pea	okra	olive
lupine	peppers	onion	periwinkle
oak	pumpkin	pansy	pinks
raspberry	radish	peach	pomegranate
rhododendron	rutabaga	peanut	salt cedar
rhubarb	soybean	pear	tamarisk
shallot	squash	peony	thyme
sorrel	sunflower	rice	
spinach beet	tomato	spinach	
spruce	turnip	Swiss chard	
wild strawberry	viola		
sweet potato			
watermelon			
white birch			



8.8

What are pH and pOH?

pH – Acidity and Basicity – Example I



An aqueous solution has an $[\text{OH}^-] = 1 \times 10^{-5}$ –
the pH of this solution is:

$$\text{pOH} = -\log_{10}(1 \times 10^{-5}) = 5$$

$$\text{pH} + \text{pOH} = 14$$

$$\text{pH} = 9$$

8.8 **What are pH and pOH**
pH – Acidity and Basicity – Example II

- a) A 0.15M aqueous solution of an acid HA has a measured pH equal to 0.82
- b) A 0.45M aqueous solution of an acid HB has a measured pH equal to 0.69**
- c) Tom, I have no idea.

Which solution is more acidic?



The MORE acidic solution — one with the smallest pH

8.8 What are pH and pOH

pH – Acidity and Basicity – Example III

- a) A 0.15M aqueous solution of an acid HA has a measured pH equal to 0.82
- b) A 0.45M aqueous solution of an acid HB has a measured pH equal to 0.69
- c) Tom, I have no idea.

Which is the stronger acid?

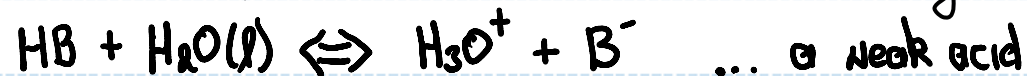
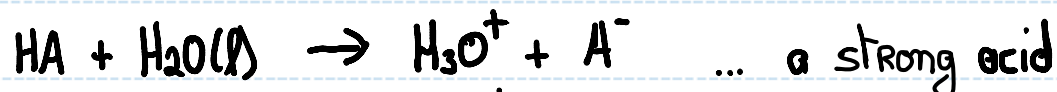


$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } \text{pH} &= -\log_{10} [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] \\ &= -\log_{10} (0.15) = 0.82 \end{aligned}$$

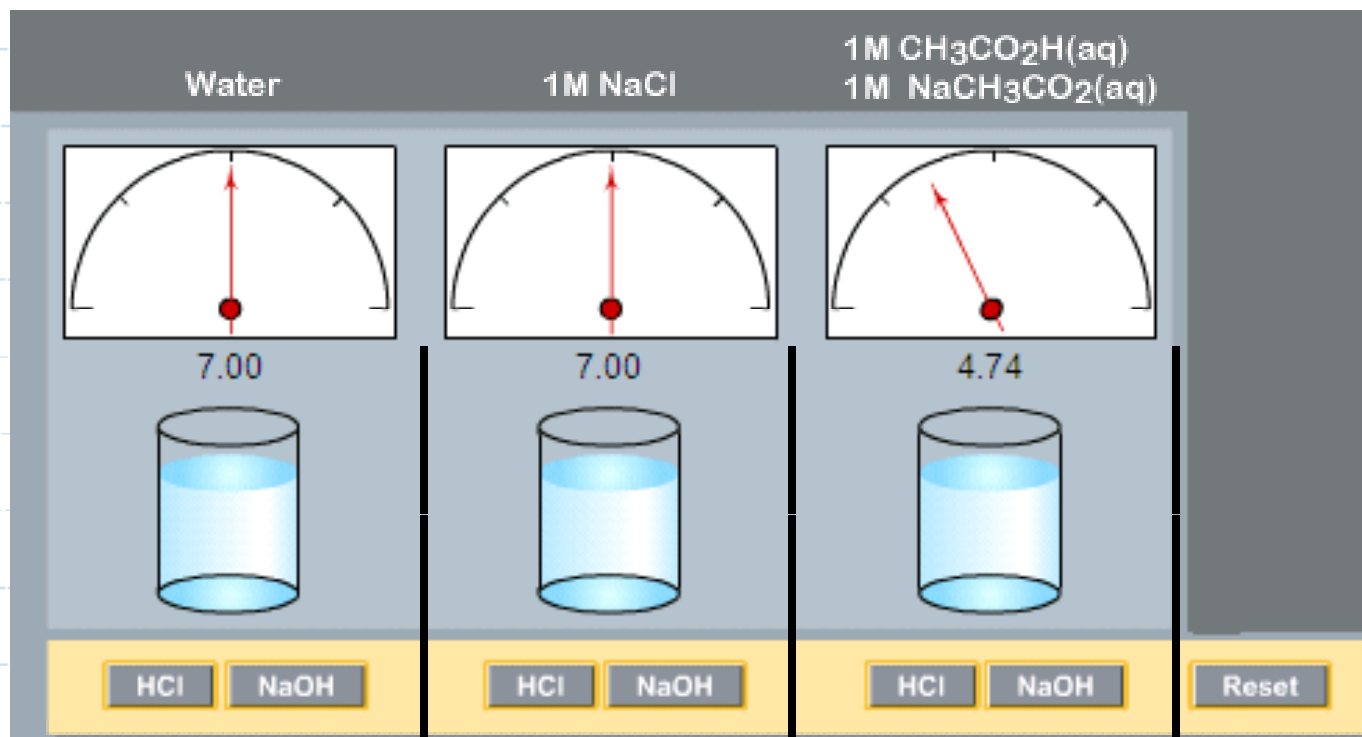
... expected pH if HA is a strong acid ... 100%

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \text{pH} &= -\log_{10} [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] \\ &= -\log_{10} (0.45) = 0.35 \end{aligned}$$

... expected pH if HB is a strong acid ... 100%



8.10 What Are Buffers?



pH
pH
pH

7.00

1.04

12.96

7.00

1.04

12.96

4.74

4.65

4.83

INITIAL

Add H_3O^+

Add OH^-

Large pH change

Small pH change

$\text{CH}_3\text{CO}_2\text{H}$... acid

CH_3CO_2^- ... base ... ?!!



8.10 What Are Buffers? – How Do They Resist Drastic pH Changes Acid–Base Reactions

W: Weak

S: Strong

A: Acid

B: Base

1. $SA + SB = 100\%$



2. $SA + WB = 100\%$



3. $WA + SB = 100\%$



4. $WA + WB$?