

Announcements – Lecture X – Thursday, Oct 13th

1. Third Lab – Saturday, October 24th ... 1-4pm ... ISB 155/160 (A-E)

a) *Print lab prior to coming to lab -- use the 'Print Friendly Version' located on the top left hand side of the page – this is the version that contains the 'Data Sheet' that you will hand in upon completing the lab.*

b) *Second set of Lab Owls will appear in Owl after this lab. There are a total of 4 sets of Lab Owls and they are worth 25% of the Lab Grade.*

2.



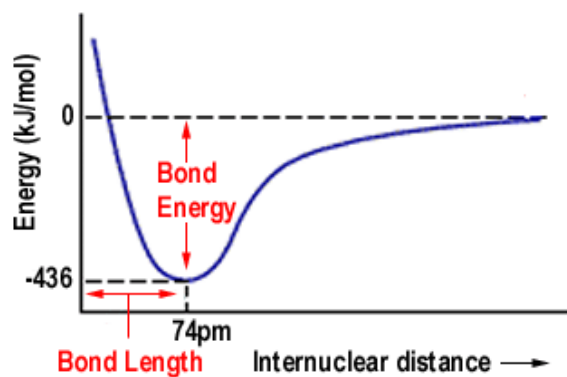
iClicker:

Choose any letter: A-E

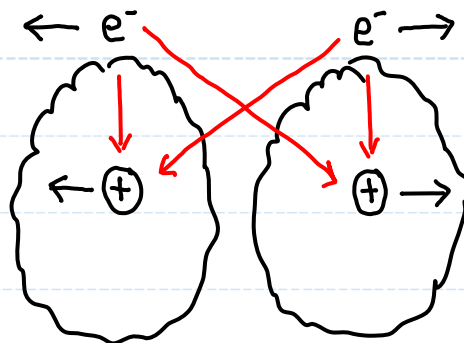


3.7 A

What Is a Covalent Bond and How Does One Form? The Pro's and Cons of Orbital Overlap



See animation on class web site.



Con:

- electron/electron repulsion.
- proton/proton repulsion.

Pro:

- electron/proton attraction.

3.7

What Is a Covalent Bond and How Does One Form?

C

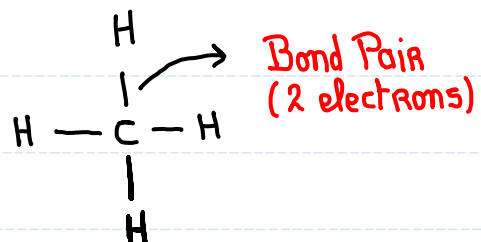
Drawing Lewis Structures of Covalent Compounds

Group I:

Bond Pair and Lone Pair Electrons



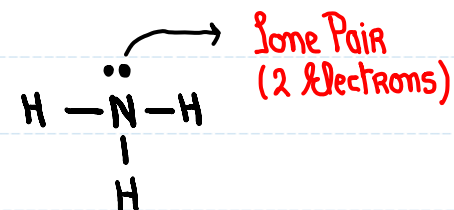
$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{C: } 4 \\
 \text{H: } \underline{4(1)} \\
 8 \\
 4 \times \text{BP} \quad -8 \\
 \hline
 0
 \end{array}$$



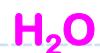
BP = Bond Pair



$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{N: } 5 \\
 \text{H: } \underline{3(1)} \\
 8 \\
 3 \times \text{BP} \quad -6 \\
 2 \\
 1 \times \text{LP} \quad -2 \\
 \hline
 0
 \end{array}$$



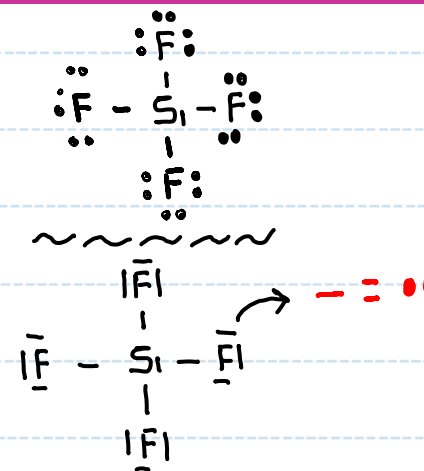
LP = lone Pair



$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{O: } 6 \\
 \text{H: } \underline{2(1)} \\
 8 \\
 2 \times \text{BP} \quad -4 \\
 4 \\
 2 \times \text{LP} \quad -4 \\
 \hline
 0
 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Si: } 4 \\
 \text{F: } \underline{4(7)} \\
 32 \\
 4 \times \text{BP} \quad -8 \\
 24 \\
 12 \times \text{LP} \quad -24 \\
 \hline
 0
 \end{array}$$



3.7

C

Group I:

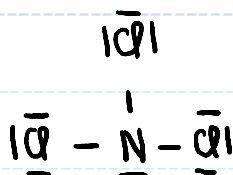
What Is a Covalent Bond and How Does One Form?

Drawing Lewis Structures of Covalent Compounds

Bond Pair and Lone Pair Electrons



$$\begin{array}{r} \text{N: } 5 \\ \text{Cl: } 3(7) \\ \hline 26 \\ 3 \times \text{BP} \quad -6 \\ \hline 20 \\ 9 \times \text{LP} \quad -18 \\ \hline 2 \\ 1 \times \text{LP} \quad -2 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$



Lone pairs on Cl?

- a) 1
- b) 9
- c) 3 ✓



Notes

- 1) The least electronegative atom in the center ... why? ... unless otherwise indicated.
- 2) Hydrogen ... 2 ... [He] ... all other atoms ... 8 ... [Ne] → [Rn].
- 3) Allocate electrons to the outer atoms first, then attend to the central atom.
- 4) Be able to distinguish between Bond Pair (BP) and Lone Pair (LP) electrons.
- 5) Acceptable shorthand ... — = ••



3.7

C

Group II:

What Is a Covalent Bond and How Does One Form?

Drawing Lewis Structures of Covalent Compounds

Dealing With Charges



N: 5

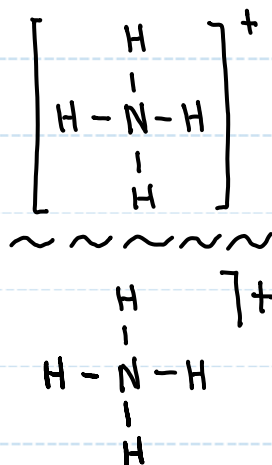
H: 4(1)

+: $\frac{-1}{}$

8

4xBP $\frac{-8}{}$

0



Cl: 7

O: 3(6)

-: $\frac{1}{}$

26

3xBP $\frac{-6}{}$

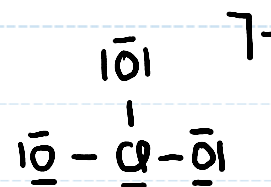
20

9xLP $\frac{-18}{}$

2

1xLP $\frac{-2}{}$

0



Cl: 7

O: 4(6)

-: $\frac{1}{}$

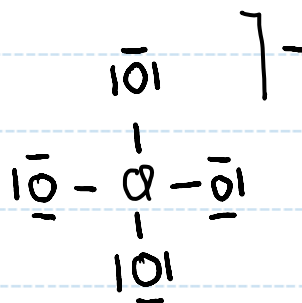
32

4xBP $\frac{-8}{}$

24

12xLP $\frac{-24}{}$

0

Notes

- 1) Negative charges increase the valence electron total.
- 2) Positive charges decrease the valence electron total.
- 3) Use parenthesis. either [] or $^+$.

3.7

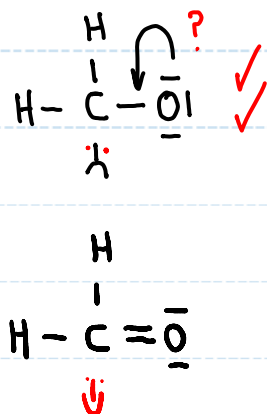
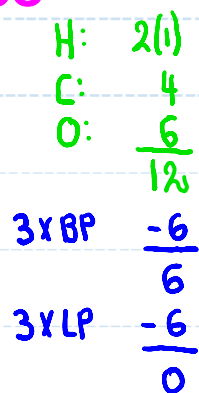
C

Group III:

What Is a Covalent Bond and How Does One Form?

Drawing Lewis Structures of Covalent Compounds

Shortage of Electrons ... Multiple Bonds



? = Two questions.

- 1). Do you have a terminal atom with at least one lone pair on it?
- 2). Are both atoms that are about to form a multiple bond members of CNOPS?

If yes to both questions, then a multiple bond can be made.

