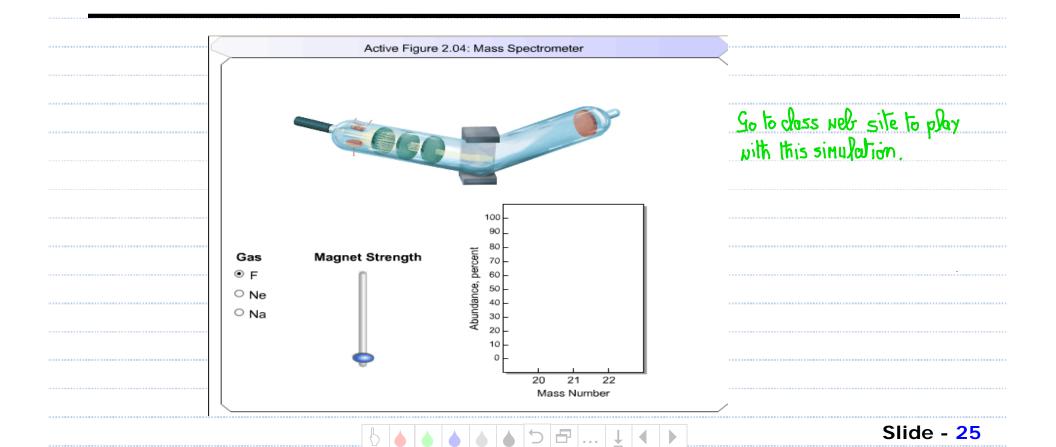
| Announcements – Lecture III – Wednesday, May 20 th | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------|------------|------|-------------------|-----|------------------------|-----|--------------|------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | . Class Web Sit | e: | ww | w.c | hem | 1.u | ma | SS | .edu/genchem | |
| 2 | . Add/Drop: | | Fric | day, | Ma | y 2 | 2 th | | | |
| 3 | . No Class: | | Moi | nda | y, <mark>M</mark> | ay | 25 ^t | th | Memorial Day | |
| 4 | . First Lab: | | Tue | esda | ıy, N | lay | 26 | 3th | , ISB 155 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | b | 6 6 | 6 |) - | | <u> </u> | 4 | | Slide - 23 |

| Quiz 1 | Last Name: | Class No |
|--------|---|--------------------------|
| a) | When 57.188 is added to 46.82, the result s digit(s) after the decimal point | hould be reported with |
| b) | When 1234.56 is subtracted from 123, the with digit(s) after the decimal point. | esult should be reported |
| c) | When 57.188 is multiplied by 46.82, the ans to significant digit(s). | wer should be reported |
| | | |
| d) | When 40.389 is divided by 58.479, the answ to significant digit(s). | ver should be reported |
| d) | | ver should be reported |
| d) | | ver should be reported |

2.1 The Structure of the Atom c) Isotopes Some number of protons, different number of Neutrons ... different mass number Protons Neutrons Electrons 12C 6 6 6



| 2.1 | The | Struct | ure of | the A | Atom |
|-----|-----|--------|--------|-------|-------------|
| | | | | | |

c) Atomic Weight

The weighted average of all naturally occurring isotopes of an alement.

2.1c Atomic Weight – Example_1

Chlorine has two naturally occurring isotopes:

³⁵Cl, 75.77% Abundant, Exact Mass 34.96885 amu

³⁷Cl, 24.23% Abundant, Exact Mass 36.96590 amu

What is the Atomic Weight of Chlorine?

0.7577(34.96855) + 0.2423(36.96590) = 35.452734 amu

2.1 The Structure of the Atom c) Atomic Weight

The 4th decimal place in the answer is a) 5 b) 6 c) 7 d) 8√ e) 9

2.1c Atomic Weight – Example_2

Neon has 3 naturally occurring isotopes:

²⁰Ne, 90.92% Abundant, Exact Mass 19.9989 amu

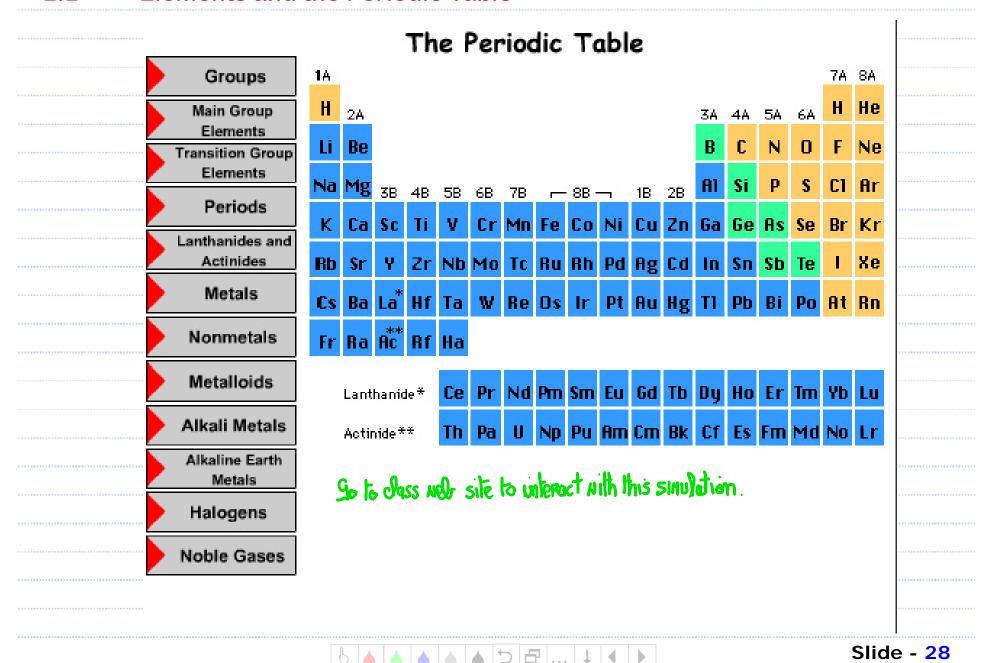
²¹Ne, 0.26% Abundant, Exact Mass 20.9975 amu

²²Ne, 8.82% Abundant, Exact Mass 21.9979 amu

What is the Atomic Weight of Neon?

$$0.9092(19.9989) + 0.0026(20.9975) + 0.0882(21.9979) = 20.177806 amu$$

2.2 Elements and the Periodic Table



2.2 **Elements and the Periodic Table** The Periodic Table **(**1A) Groups 7A 8A H He Main Group 4A 5A Elements 0 Ne Transition Group Elements A1-Si-P-S-C1-Ar -> 3B 4B 5B 6B 7B ─ 8B ─ · Periods Cat Sc Ti + V + Cr-Mn-Fe + Co + Ni + Cu + Zn + Ga + Ge + As + Se + Br + Kr + + Lanthanides and Actinides Zr Nb Mo Tc Ru Rh Pd Ag Cd In Sn Sb Xe Metals Fr Ra Ac Rf Ha Nonmetals Metalloids Lanthanide* Ce Pr Nd Pm Sm Eu Gd Tb Dy Ho Er Tm Yb Lu Alkali Metals Np Pu Am Cm Bk Cf Es Fm Md No Lr Actinide** Alkaline Earth Metals METALS ... like to lose electrons Halogens NonMETALS ... like to gain electrons **Noble Gases** HETALLOIPS Slide - 29

2.2 **Elements and the Periodic Table** The Periodic Table Groups **A** 2A Main Group 3A 4A 5A 6A Elements Li Be 0 Transition Group Elements S C1 Ar Na Mg 6B 7B — 8B — Periods Cr Mn Fe Co Ni Cu Zn Ga Ge As Ca Lanthanides and Actinides Xe Rb Zr Nb Mo Tc Ru Rh Pd Rg Cd In Sn Sb Metals Ba La Hf Ta Fr Ra Ac Rf Ha **Nonmetals** Metalloids Ce Pr Nd Pm Sm Eu Gd Tb Dy Ho Er Tm Yb Lu Lanthanide* Alkali Metals U Np Pu Am Cm Bk Cf Es Fm Md No Lr Actinide** Alkaline Earth Metals Halogens **Noble Gases** Slide - 30

2.2 Elements and the Periodic Table

